#### **Political Science 210**

# **Introduction to Political Theory**

Professor Michael Neblo
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Class: M/W 8:30-10:18
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This course is an introductory survey designed to familiarize students with the scope, concepts, and methods of political theory. The readings are organized thematically, but we will explore each concept through the lens of both historical and contemporary thinkers. We examine a series of provocative attempts by the "Great thinkers" to make sense of the most fundamental political questions that confront us as human beings: are there any trans-historical and cross-cultural "fundamentals" of human nature? If so, how do they constrain the possibilities of political affiliation? If not, does "anything go" or are there other ways to stabilize our social and political relations? How are we to understand history and the ways that our own society fit into it? Though this course is fundamentally about "theory," it frequently engages related questions of practice with special reference to recent political events.

## **Course Requirements**

There are four main course requirements:

- 1. *Participation*. Each member of the class is expected to participate each session in discussion. Participation will count for 25% of the final course grade.
- 2. *Quizzes*. There will be a number of short, unannounced quizzes to check for understanding. These will not be hard for students who keep up with the readings. The quizzes will count for 15% of the final grade.
- 3. Midterm. There will be an in-class midterm accounting for 20% of the final grade.
- 4. *Final Exam or Paper*. Students will have the option of taking a cumulative final exam or writing a paper (approx. 7-8 page paper). The final exam or paper will count for 40% of the final grade.

**Course Materials:** All course materials and readings will be available on Carmen.

#### **Academic Misconduct**

It is the responsibility of the Committee on Academic Misconduct to investigate or establish procedures for the investigation of all reported cases of student academic misconduct. The term "academic misconduct" includes all forms of student academic misconduct wherever committed; illustrated by, but not limited to, cases of plagiarism and dishonest practices in connection with examinations. Instructors shall report all instances of alleged academic misconduct to the committee (Faculty Rule 3335-5-487). For additional information, see the Code of Student Conduct (http://studentaffairs.osu.edu/resource\_csc.asp).

I require electronic copies of your paper and other materials because they will be run through a software program designed to detect plagiarism from the web, as well as a database of papers turned in at OSU. I

do this *not* because I do not trust you. I believe that the vast majority of students are honest. I even believe that most students who plagiarize do so, not because they are generally dishonest, but because they panic in the end of term crush. I check for plagiarism to reassure students who do their own work that they are not chumps, and to help students who are tempted to plagiarize under pressure to avoid compromising their academic careers and their personal integrity.

### **Disability Services**

Students with disabilities that have been certified by the Office for Disability Services will be appropriately accommodated, and should inform the instructor as soon as possible of their needs. The Office for Disability Services is located in 150 Pomerene Hall, 1760 Neil Avenue; telephone 292-3307, TDD 292-0901; <a href="http://www.ods.ohio-state.edu/">http://www.ods.ohio-state.edu/</a>.

# **GEC Social Science Expected Outcomes**

Social science develop students' understanding of the systematic study of human behavior and cognition; of the structure of human societies, cultures, and institutions; and of the processes by which individuals, groups, and societies interact, communicate, and use human, natural, and economic resources.

- 1. Students understand the theories and methods of social scientific inquiry as they are applied to the studies of individuals, groups, organizations, and societies.
- 2. Students understand the behavior of individuals, differences and similarities in the contexts of human existence (e.g., psychological, social, cultural, economic, geographic, and political), and the processes by which groups, organizations, and societies function.
  - **3.** Students develop abilities to comprehend and assess individual and social values, and recognize their importance in social problem solving and policy making.

### **Schedule of Readings for Class Meetings**

March 24<sup>th</sup> Introduction

March 26<sup>th</sup> Political Theory & the Modern Politician

Weber: Politics as a Vocation
H. Clinton: Announcement Speech
McCain: Announcement Speech
Obama: Announcement Speech

March 31<sup>st</sup> Justice I

Rawls: from A Theory of Justice Nozick: from Anarchy, State, Utopia

April 2<sup>nd</sup> Justice II

Sandel: from Liberalism & the Limits of Justice

April 7<sup>th</sup> Political Theory & Religion

St. Augustine from The City of God St. Thomas Aquinas Politics & Law April 9<sup>th</sup> Politics, Religion, & Toleration

Martin Luther The Christian in Society
John Calvin God and Political Duty
John Locke Letter Concerning Toleration

John Kennedy Speech on Religion Mitt Romney Speech on Religion

April 14<sup>th</sup> The Limits of Toleration

Marcuse Repressive Tolerance

April 16<sup>th</sup> Democracy I

Madison et. al.: from The Federalist Papers
Tocqueville: from Democracy in America

April 21<sup>st</sup> Representation and the Critique of Democracy

Burke: Speech to the Electors of Bristol

Schumpeter: from Socialism, Capitalism, and Democracy

April 23<sup>rd</sup> Democracy II: Deliberation

Dewey: The Problem of Method Habermas: The Public Sphere Fishkin: Giving the People Voice

April 28<sup>th</sup> *Midterm* 

April 30<sup>th</sup> The Case Against Democracy: Totalitarian Politics

Carl Schmidt from The Crisis of Parliamentary Democracy

Alfredo Rocco from The Political Doctrine of Fascism

Benito Mussolini from The Doctrine of Fascism Josef Stalin from The Foundations of Leninism

Milovan Djilas from The New Class

May 5<sup>th</sup> Equality

Rousseau: Discourse on Inequality

Burke: Reflections on the Revolution in France

Walzer: In Defense of Equality

May 7<sup>th</sup> Power

Gaventa: from Power & Powerlessness

May 12<sup>th</sup> Freedom I

John Stuart Mill: from On Liberty

Isaiah Berlin: Two Concepts of Liberty

May 14<sup>th</sup> Freedom II

Habermas: Three Normative Models of Democracy

May 19<sup>th</sup> Class & Political Theory

Marx: Various Selections
Reagan: Against Class Warfare
Edwards: The Two Americas

May 21<sup>st</sup> Gender & Political Theory

de Beauvoir: from The Second Sex

Wollstonecraft: Vindication of the Rights of Women

de Pizan The City of Ladies

May 26<sup>th</sup> Race & Political Theory

Fanon: from The Wretched of the Earth M. L. King Jr.: Letter from Birmingham Jail Malcom X: The Ballot or the Bullet Obama: Speech on Race in America

May 28<sup>th</sup> Identity and Unity: The Politics of Recognition

Taylor: The Politics of Recognition Habermas: Struggles for Recognition